NEWS CONDENSED.

Concise Record of the Week.

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EASTERN.

The private banking house of Wilkinson Brothers, at Syracuse, New York, suspended business. In making an assignment to C. E. Hubbell, they gave preferences for \$98,600. They hold large amounts of real estate, which is mortgaged for \$125,000. Their liabilities are reported at \$500,000, and it is stated that depositors will receive nothing.

Joseph M. Wales & Co., iron and steel, at Boston, are insolvent. An assignment has been filed by H.

Goldschmidt & Co., dry goods merchants of Hartford, who owe \$110,000

For the year ended Sept. 30 the New York Central Road earned, net, \$10,000,000, and paid more than \$7,000,000 in dividends.

The furniture factory of Clark Bros. & Co., at Philadelphia, and several tenements adjoining were burned, the losses aggregating \$165,000.

Silas Savage, the holder of a French spoliation claim for over \$2,000,000, was last week buried at Hartford, Conn., at the expense of the city, after living in hope for a half-century.

Miss Newman, whose supposed dead body was taken from a grave in Egremont, Mass, to Albany and was restored to life on the dissecting table, is now perfectly sane and wedded to a physician-nephew of one of the men acquainted with the facts of her resurrection. She proposes to visit friends in the Berkshire Hills within a short time.

Silas Sanders, colored, two months married, and a witness in the Crouch murder trial at Jackson, Mich., attempted suicide by cutting his throat.

Assignments have been made by Wescott & Co., bankers, at Syracuse, with liabilities of \$100,(0), and Erastus C. Alden, a dealer in millinery goods at Providence, who owes \$80,000.

Henry H. Green obtained in a Boston court a judgment for \$3,025 against the New York Central Road for injuries to a base viol, at Rochester. The instrument was a Stradivarius, to which fact many experts were called to testify.

Fire consumed a block of wooden buildings at New Bedford, Mass, The loss was \$92,000 and the insurance \$75,000.

WESTERN.

At Thornburg, Iowa, Mrs. Schultz killed her two chadren with a knife and then destroyed herself.

William Montgomery, of Christian County, Ill., a member of the family invo ved in the outrage on Miss Emma Bond, has been indicted for attempted blackmall and selling a mortgaged horse.

A dispatch from Daggett, Cal., says a mob of twenty men surrounded the officers in charge of William Pitts, charged with having clubbed Josiah O. Harris to death with a wagon-spoke on the night of the 5th inst. The mob told the officers to keep perfectly quiet and there would be no luss. They then marched Pitts to the outskirts of the town, put a rope around his neck, and threw the other end over the cross-arm of a telegraph pole, and hoisted him up. He was dead in a few minutes. Fitts was a deserter from the United States army.

Charles Stevens, alias "Omaha Charley," a desperado, was taken from jail at Maryville, Mo., by a mob, and hanged to the railway bridge. In the skirmish between the Sheriff and his deputies and the lynchers, one of the latter was dangerously wounded.'

In front of the new City Hall at San Francisco, Daniel Kennedy was killed by his wife with a revolver.

Reuben R. Springer, the Cincinnati philanthropist, died suddenly at his house in

Henry Bells, residing at South Bend, Ind., undertook to break malarial fever by starving himself. He lived on water alone for thirty-four days, and became so faint that he was induced to take a spoonful of beef tea.

Such is the excitement at Redfield. Dakota, in regard to the location of the county seat, that Gov. Pierce has sent thither a militia company from Pargo, and arranged to forward regulars rom Fort Sully.

Fred Baignee, having been jilted by House tower at I eru, Ind., using the bellrope to help him into eternity.

the election precinct in which the frauds

Gen. Brisbin prints a letter in a Mon- | Secretary: hip." tana newspaper declar refree cattle ranges Mr. Horace White, of the New York no longer practicable, and advocating a Texas cattle-trail. He states that one-sixth of the the other day if he expected any of the In-

trolled by Englishmen, who get free grass and drive citizens out of the bus ness.

Neil McKeague, who gained notoriety in connection with the murder of Mr. and Mrs. Wilson, near Ch cago, last spring, has just been sentenced at St. Catherine's, Ontario, to six months' imprisonment at hard labor for assaulting a clairvoyant, who "revealed" some unpleasant things in his past life.

Orrin A. Carpenter, who was acpuitted of the murder of Zura Burns, at Lincoln, Ill., has fled from that place to avo d assassination by the girl's father. His once ample fortune has shrunk to a quarter section of farming land.

The sudden breaking out of fire in Gray, Toynton & Fox's candy factory at Detroit caused the girls employed in the second story to rush for the fire escape, fu descending which one young woman fell and was sli-htly hurt. Three girls were seen at a window, but a sudden burst of the names drove them back, and they were burned to

SOUTHERN.

A portion of the treasure buried in Arkansas by the pirate Lafitte in 1812 is said to have been recently discovered in iron safes by convicts laboring on the Pine Bluff and Swan Lake Railway.

Cook, the leader of the gang which robbed the train near Little Rock, Ark., has made a full confession, and all the bandits are in custody, save one. Ten watches and \$500 in money have been recovered.

Corneilson, the attorney who cowhided Judge Reid-the Judge later committing suicide for shame—has been sentenced at Mt. Sterling to three years in the peniten-

Arkansas derives \$25,000 per annum from its penitentiary by leasing the labor of eighty convicts to eigar manufacturers, and handing over 280 others to farmers, the consideration being \$3.75 per month and all ex-

A shoemaker at Wytheville, Va., wrote to Gov. Cleveland for his measure for pair of boots for the inauguration, and received the figures with a \$20 bill. The money was returned to the President-elect. who again sent it to the auxious shoemaker.

News is received of the escape of a gang of convicts employed on the public roads in Mecklenburg County, North Carolina. Nine of the gang are yet at large.

A storm upset several oyster-fishers boats in the Rappahannock River and Chesapeake Bay, and about twenty persons lost their lives.

WASHINGTON.

Senator John Sherman favors the stoppage of the coinage of the silver dollar, or else making it 470 grains, instead of 412%. which would raise it to a gold standard and make it passable throughout the world. If this change were made, Mr. Sherman states that he believes the effect on trade would be

The United States Supreme Court passenger who is not a citizen, the money to be used in taking care of immigrants.

Senator Blair thinks that the Colored People's Exposition, to be held in Chicago and that it is the duty of the Government to help the enterprise along.

President Arthur telegraphed the Board of Management of the New Orleans Exposition he would not be able to be present at the opening, but would visit it some time in January.

In all probability the contested election case in Missouri between McLean and the sub-committee of the House Committee on Elections having reported to that effect.

A bill has been prepared by the National Conference of Health Boards, in session at Washington, embodying the views of the conference as to the best method of preventing the introduction of cholera into this

POLITICAL.

Wade Hampton has been re-elected Senator from South Carolina, receiving every vote in the Legislature except those of five colored men.

A Washington correspondent of the Chicago News, says:

Some new facts pertaining to the electoral-commission bill were related to the Dairy News correspondent to-day by a friend of Mr. Hayard, correspondent to-day by a friend of Mr. Bayard, who says that such leading Democrats as Bayard and Thurman agreed to the bill only after several propositions had been made to Mr. Tilden and rejected. As the story goes, a caucus of prominent Democrats was held at Bayard's house early in the winter of 1876 to devise some means for seating Mr. Tilden. After a conclusion had been reached, Mr. Beyerly Tucker, of Virghia, was sent for Mr. Bayard said: "Go down to New York and see Mr. Tilden, tell him that we meaning his associates in the matter) have decided that he is elected and that we purpose seating him if blood Mr. Tilden, tell him that we imeaning his associates in the matter) have decided that he is elected and that we purpose seating him if blood must be shed to do so. Should be object to this he must consent to an electorial commission or else be cheated out of his seat." Tucker started immediately with his message. He returned next day and reported as follows: "I told Mr. Tilden you had laid down the propositions that he was elected and would be seated even though the shedding of blood were necessary. But Sammy started back, and, motioning me off with both hands, exclaimed, timidly: "No, no; no blood." I then spoke of the electoral commission. He would not consent to this. "Then, said I, 'you must submit to being cheated out of your rights, for the gentlemen I represent have no further suggestion to make." I then took my departure." At the conclusion of Mr. Tucker's remarks Mr. Thurman is reported as saying: "Mr. Tilden is too cowardly to defend his rights, and we must, therefore, do what, in my judgment, is the next best thing. We must agree to the formation of the commission." What fo lowed is a matter of history.

Washington telegram: "Senator Thos.

Washington telegram: "Senator Thos. F. Bayard made a secret visit to Albany last Saturday night, arriving there in the pouring rain, and remaining at the executive mansion until the following aft rucon, when he returned to Washington. The Senator's v sit to the President-elect was a carefully guarded secret until yesterday, when it leaked out, his inamorata, hanged himself in the Court and to-day it was the interesting topic political circles. It is believed that the office of Secretary of State The Federal Grand Jury at Chicago was ofered to Mr. Payard by the Govesnor, found indictments against Joseph C. Mackin, but whether he accepted is left a matter of Arthur Gleason, and Henry Biebi for com- con ecture, as neither the Governor nor the plicity in the election frauds attempted in Schator will give any despite information in the Eighteenth Wa d of that city, and each relation to the matter. There is, however, gave ball. Ind etments had been previously reason to believe that the President-cleet has returned against the judges and clerks of followed the example of Lin cin, and honored his most formidable opponent in the national convention with the tender of the

Eccning Post, was asked by an interviewer

ministration. "No, I do not," replied Mr. White. "I talked with Mr. Schurz a few days ago about this question, and he told me that he certainly did not propose to acgivo Mr. Cleve and his friendly vice. There are a great many Independents who feel the same They know, probably, that they could have such recognition if they so desired. Their main objection, of course, is the misconstruction to which they would be subjected." Mr. White further said that he believed Senator Bayard as Secretary of State and Senator Garland as Attorney Goneral had been definitely decided upon for Cabinet positions.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A pearl worth \$17,000, supposed to e the largest ever found, has been shipped to London from Guaymas, Mexico.

Clearing-house exchanges last week-\$865,773,159-were \$206,918,055 greater than the preceding week. As compared with the corresponding period in 1883, the falling off is \$262, 152, 240.

At a joint conference of the man-Railroads, it was resolved to reduce the freight rates from Chicago to San Francisco to an equitable basis with New York.

Tiffin Brothers, a great wholesale grocery house at Montreal, have failed, owing

The Baltimore and Ohio Road has leased the Chio and Mississippi, the rumored consideration being 35 per cont. of its gross earnings. The Baltimore Company has also secured a loan of \$10,000,680 on its Pittsburgh and Connellsville line. The Pittsburgh and Western Boad is about to run fast passenger trains between the former city and

Neal McKeague, who escaped conviction of the murder of James L. Willson and wife, of Winnetka, Ill., has been arrested at Thorold, Ontario, for a criminal assault on a lady at a hotel.

The Agricultural Department at Washington reports farm products as tending lower in values. The average price of corn is 3614 cents, being highest in Florida (80 cents), and lowest in Nebraska (18 cents). Wheat averages 65 cents, against 91 cents a year ago; while the range for oats is 28 cents, the lowest ever reported by the department. The cotton average is between 9 and 9% cents, and for potatoes the farm price is 40 cents per bushel.

It is charged that Col. Ingersoll stole his last lecture, "Which Way?" from Hittell's "Evidence Against Christianity."

The various glass workers' unions throughout the country have subscribed \$50,000 to aid the prescription glass-blowers now on a strike at Pittsburgh.

Commander S. Dana Greene, of the Navy Yard at Portsmouth, committed reduced. suicide last week. His mind is supposed to have been unbalanced by literary work upon which be was engaged. H. J. Goodwin, a New York dealer lutions to arm themselves to resist the capi-

has affirmed the constitutionality of the act in woolens, has made an assignment. The talistic class, and declaring the employment of Congress levying upon vessels from for liabilities are about \$300,000, with \$100,000 of all means of warfare not only justifiable eign ports a tax of 50 cents for every preferences. John C. Fares, a batter at b Evansville, Ind., has failed, with liabilities estimated at \$40,000.

George Cook was executed at Laramie City, Wyoming, for killing his brothernext year, will be a great thing for the race, in-law; and Warren Price was hanged at sistant Signal Officer, with the rank of Wrightsville, Ga., for taking the life of his Colonel. on-in-law.

Business failures for the week numbered 316, against 296 for the previous week, and 249 in the corresponding period of 1883. Special dispatches to Bradstreet's (New York) from leading trade centers report "the holiday purchases are exhibiting a contrast with the inactivity previously noted, Broadhead will result in favor of the latter, yet the volume of such sales is almost uniformly below the total for 1883, ate iron-clad Merrimac, which was destroyed Aside from the continued firmness in the New England cotton goods markets, due to roads, Green being second in command of the recent firmness in the price of raw cot- the latter. ton, and with the exception of a slightly improved distribution of goods at Boston, Memphis, Wilmington, and Savannah, general trade at all points is at as low an ebb as ever. A more conspicuous feature is found in the long-continued and pronounced duliness of mercantile collections. This is reported in almost all directions. Rates of exchange on New York at Interior points have declined in most instances. There is no gain in the industrial situation. In all lines of manufacturing wages continue to go lower, in 5 to 10 per cent. drops, Actual the bones of the unknown Confederate dead stoppages of factories and mills are less frequent, but conspicuous."

FOREIGN.

The Prince of Wales will make no application to Parliament for an allowance for his eldest son until the marriage of the latter.

In a gale off Holyhead the steamer Packard, on its way from Cork to Liverpool, foundered. Thirty people were drowned. Another steamer, supposed to be the Alliance, of Cardiff, sank with all hands off Boscastle, England.

Matthew Arnold's daughter was married in London the other day to Brederick W. Whitridge, of New York City.

In a London court room, Chief Justice Coleridge pronounced the death sentence against Capt. Dudley and Mate Stephens, of the yacht Mignonette, who killed a boy named Parker for food. It is generally belived that they will be pardoned, as Lord Coloridge remarked that it was the privilege of a jury to recommend mercy.

English journals announce the renewal of outrages at Traice, Ireland, where armed men maltreated a caretaker on the estate of Sir Edward Denney, because of a recent eviction.

The Catholics of Wexford Ireland, are raising funds to pay salaries to the Irish members of Parliament.

Lord Chief - Justice Coleridge's daughter was privat ly married in London to Mr. Adams, the plaintill in the recent libel suit against Lernard Coleridge which has caused so great a scandal.

The Russian police discovered at a town on the Dnelper that thieves had out a tunnel under the office of the tax-receiver, which contained 10,000 rubles. Twelve Nihillists were captured m a restaurant at St. Petersburg, where they were apparently holding a ball.

Cholera still lingers in Paris. Twenty-one deaths occurred last week from the disease in the eastern part of the city.

Count Tolstoi's proposal that the bords west of the Missouri river are con- dependents to take office under the new ad- Russian Government prohibit the heads of Surger.

essent families from dividing their lands among the male members in order to obtain suffrage has been rejected by the Imperial Council at St. Petersburg.

Advices from Hong Kong are to the effect that 126 Germans have already entered the service of Chins, and each steamer

Hosiery operatives to the number of 150 have left Nottingham, England, to take aces already secured in the United States.

The son of the Bishop of Rochester, England, has become a Cutholic.

LATER NEWS ITEMS.

It was resolved by the Leaf Tobacco Board of Trude at New York to protest against the ratification of the proposed treaty with Spain.

All London was intensely alarmed the other day by an attempt to blow up London bridge with dynamite. The attempt, however, proved an utter failure, as far as the design to demolish the structure was concerned. About £50 worth of windowglass was broken in the vicinity. The bridge itself escaped without injury. A strong agers of the Missouri River and Pacific Coast | force of police was put on guard, and others sent out to search for the parties who planned the destruction of the bridge, but no arrests were made or clew discovered. Owing to the excitement and the fear of a repetition of the explosion, traffic was suspended for a time.

Hezekiah Brown, a colored schoolteacher, was lynched by masked men in Howard County, Maryland, for intimacy with a white girl named Fannie Shultz.

Indictments for willful murder have been returned by the Grand Jury at New Orleans against Recorder Thomas J. Ford, his brother, Patrick Ford, Court-Officers W. E. Caulfield, Charles Baker, and W. H. Buckley, Police Officer John Murphy, and Baptiste J. Favelto. Recorder Ford and a gang of followers, including those named, set upon Capt. A. H. Murphy in the street Dec. 1 and kirled him.

Senator Bayard is said to prefer the portfolio of the Treasury to the Secretaryship of State.

George D. Robinson has given a core of ambitious Republican politicians early notice that he will not run for Governor viding for the sale of the Cherokee reservation of Massacousetts next year.

Elisha Hyatt, President of the late banking house of Hyatt, Levings & Co., of Washington, Ind., has assigned. Assets, \$220,000; liabilities, \$100,000,

An oil-refining firm of Cleveland has obtained judgment against the Lake Shore Road for \$4,000 for discrimination in freights and \$1,000 for damages. A Detroit dispatch says that 10,000

the wases of a large number of those employed in the various industries have been The American Socialists of Chicago, after listening to the statement of a miner fresh from the Hocking Valley, passed reso-

men are out of employment in that city, and

Boston capitalists have contracted for 8,000 tons of steel rails for the Arizona

Lieut, Greely will be appointed As-

Mineral Belt Railroad.

A leakage in a gas-pipe in a Montreal mansion was followed by an explosion which injured three servants almost fatally and nearly wrecked the building. The recent suicide of Commander S.

Dana Green, of the United States navy, was caused by his anxiety to combat the statements put forth by an officer of the Confederby one of the earliest monitors, at Hampton

The Calumet sewer-pipe works, near Toronto, Ohlo, valued at \$100,000, were destroyed by fire. The principal block at Brookville, Ind., was burned, the loss being \$80,000. Twelve buildings at Belvidere, Ill.; the Barrey Opera House and hotel at Corning, N. Y., and the opera-house and several other buildings at Chippewa Falls, Wis., fell a prey to flames.

Gen. B. M. Prentiss, who recently visited the battle-field of Shilob, urges that be removed to the National Cemetery and their last resting place be properly marked.

THE MARKETS. NEW YORK.

BEEVER HOUS FLOUR-Extra. WHEAT-No. 2 Spring No. 2 Red CORN-No. 2. OATS-White. FORK-New Mess CHICAGO. BEEVES-Choice to Prime Steers. Good Shipping Common to Fair. Hogs	\$7,25	00 7.75	П
Hogs	4.50	(0.5,00	Ш
FLOUR-Extra	4.00	es 5,00	Ш
WHEAT-No. 2 Spring	.81	68 .83	li:
Come No. 2 Red	-15	08, 30 00 ,45	Ш
Corne White	-03	Ø .38	П
Long New Moss	10.50	6513.00	Ш
COTCACO	14.00	6519.00	H2
Revers Choles to Prime Steers	6.50	68 7.50	II.
Good Shipping	5.95	(6 5.75	Ш
Common to Fair	4.00	ut 4.50	18
Hogs. FLOUR, Fancy White Winter Ex. Good to Choice Spring. WHEAT—No. 2 Spring. No. 2 Red Winter.	4.00	68 4.50	В
FLOUR - Fancy White Winter Ex.	3,75	100 4.25	Ш
Good to Choice Spring	3.25	(8 4.00	П
WHEAT-No. 2 Spring	.71	66 72	В
No. 2 Red Winter	.72	OF .74	Ш
Conv-No. 2	.37	(6 .38	В
OATS-No. 2	.23	@ .25	В
OATS-No. 2 HYE-No. 2	.51	(6 .5H	Ш
BARLEY-No. 2	.04	@ .56	13
BUTTE Choice Creamery	-24	10 .27	В
Correct Pall Course	.19	(6 .20	В
Cherse-Pull Cream.	-12	66 .0956	H.
Page Fresh	-00	Ø .23	В
POTATOES New yer by	98	60 .38	В
PORK-Mess	10.25	Ø11.00	В
LARD	.001	600 .06%	Ŀ
OATS-No. 2 RYE-No. 2 BARLEY-No. 2 BUTTE:Choice Creamery. Fine Dairy CHEESE-Full Cream. Skimmed Flat. EGGS-Fresh POTATCES-New, per bu. PORK-Mess LARD TOLEDO. WHEAT-No. 2 Red. CORN-No. 2 OATS-No. 2 MILWAUKBE. WHEAT-No. 2 RARLEY-No. 2 PORK-Mess LARD ST. LOUIS. WHEAT-No. 2 Red. CORN-Mixed OATS-No. 2 PORK-Mess	******	Mills remark	В
WHEAT-No. 2 Red.	.67	.68	п
CORN-No. 2	.39	65 .41	18
OATH-No. 2	.26	(0 .27	Ш
MILWAUKBE.			В
WHEAT-No 2.	.71	@ .72	н
COEN-No. 2	.37	05, 39	п
OATS-No. 2	.25	46 .26	п
BARLEY-No. 2	49	@ .51	В
FORK—Mess	10,75	@11.00	Ш
GT TATTE	0.00	@ 6.7534	Е
WHEAT-No 9 Bad	97.5	60 .7734	В
CON-Mixed	774	24 .35	В
OATS-Mixed	94	65 .25	В
RYE	47	@ .48	В
Ponk-Mess	11.00	400 T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T	В
CORN—Mixed OATS—Mixed RYE PORK—Mess CINCINNATI	000000	Contract Con	В
WHEAT-No. 2 Red	.74	69 .76	ш
CORN	.87	60 .38	н
OATS-Mixed	27	S .29	н
PORK-Mess	11,25	@11.75	и
LARD	.063	60 .07	н
Provin DETROIT.			В
CINCINNATI. WHEAT—No. 2 Red. CORN. OATS—Mixed. PORE—Mess. LARD. DETROIT. PLOUR. WHEAT—No. 1 White. CORN—Mixed. OATS—No. 2 White.	5,00	G 5.50	
Copy Mived	.76	.78	I
OATS No 2 White	-90	Ø .41	
CORN - Mixed OATS - No. 2 White PORK - Family INDIANAPOLIS. WREAT - No. 2 Red, New	19.00	@12.50	
INDIANAPOLIS		0.17.00	
WHEAT-No. 2 Red. New	.71	€ .78	
Conn-Mixed	.35	40 .36	ı
OATS-Mixed	.35	ut .27	1
WREAT—No. 2 Red, New			П
CATTLE Best	5.75	@ 6.25	H
Fair	5.75	@ 5.25	ľ
Common	3.75	@ 4.35	H.

4.25 @ 4.50 4.50 @ 5.00

CONGRESSIONAL.

The Work of the Senate and Hou of Representatives.

MR. BLAIR introduced a bill in the Senate,

on the 8th inst., granting \$50,000 to aid the Colored People's Exposition, to be held at Chicago in 1885. Mr. Dolph called up the bill providing for the incorporation of the Spokane Falls and Cour d'Alene Railway Company in Idaho and Washington Territories. Mr. Harrison objected to the bill on the ground that the company would probably occupy all the passes through the mountains and secure land enough to monopolize the public domain. Mr. Platt remarked that he did not approve of the practice in vogue of building railroads on paper. Certain amendments to the bill were agreed to depriving the company of the right to consolidate with other roads. Further consideration of the subject was postponed. A bill to refund to a Detroit firm \$473 alleged to have been illegally exacted on malt imported from Canada was defeated, for the reason that protest was not made at the time of paying the duties. Mr. Mitchell read a letter from Gen. Grant declining to accept a pension, and requesting the withdraws of the bill introduced in his behalf. A committee of conference was ordered on the bill forfeiting the uncarued land grant of the Atlantic and Pacific Road. In the House of Representatives the Speaker read a communication from the Postmaster General asking an appropriation of \$100,000 for railroad postal service for the remainder of the current year. This was referred, as well as the following bills: One by Mr. Townshend proposing a constitution of amendment providing that treaties shall be rande by and with the consent of the flouse as we'l as that of the Senate; by Mr. Ryan, to open portions of Indian Territory to homestead sett ement; another by Mr. Buckner to suspend the coinage of standard silver dollars; and another by Mr. Robinson to restore the ceremonic a attendant upon Presidential inaugurations to Jeffersonian simplicity. Mr. Cox offered a resolution asking the opinion of the Af-orney General as to whether the eight-horr law should be considered as applicable to letter-carriers. A joint resolution was proposed by Mr. O'Neill for the improvement of the Philadelphia harbor, and Mr. Ellis introduced a bill to erect a monument to the victins of the Greely expediti n at a cost of \$25,800. Some discussion of the interstate commerce bill followed, but no action was taken upon it. jected to the bill on the ground that company would probably occupy

THE bill to admit Southern Dakota as a State was taken up in the Senate on the 9th inst., and Mr. Harrison, of Indiana, addressed the Senators in support of the measure. A bill providing for the erection of a statue to Lafavette was offered by Mr. Sherman. The bill proin Arkansas was passed, as well as an amendment to the sections of the Revised Statutes which prohibit the delivery of registered letters and the payment of money orders to lottery companies. The amendment consisted in striking out the word "fraudulent," so as to cover lotteres generally. In executive session, Mr. Riddleberger objected to the confirmation of Hugh McCulloch as Secretary of the Treasury. A bill was introduced in the House of Representatives by Mr. Chalmers to restore a republican form of government in Mississippi, providing that Congressional and State elections shall be held the same day, and making intimidations at elections punishable. The bill was referred. Consideration of the interstate commerce hill was resumed. Mr. Davis, of Illinois, said he thought the first step should be to appoint a commission of inquiry to investigate each case of injustice on the part of railroads. Mr. Horr approved of this suggestion, and objected to Mr. Reagan's offering on the ground that it discriminated in favor of roads in certain States and against those which went through other States. It would annihilate cheap rates of transportation in the West and South, he said, and make bread dear. Further discussion was perponed. In response to the request of Mr. Springer, the Attorney General sent to the Committee on Expeuditures of the Department of Justice in Arkansas was passed, as well as an amend-Attorney General sent to the Committee on Expenditures of the Department of Justice copies of the correspondence on file in the department relative to the employment of United States Deputy Marshals at the Congressional election in Ohio last October, including the correspondence with Lot Wright, United States Marshal for the Southern District of Ohio.

inst. an invitation to that body from the Commissioners of the New Orleans Exposition to participate in the opening of the Exposition on Dec. 16. The communication was laid on the table, that being the usual formal disposition of such documents in the Senate when no special or immediate disposition is demanded by any Senator. Mr. Vest, on behalf of the Committee on Commerce, requested that the committee be discharged from the consideration of the interoceanic ship railway bill. Mr. Vest stated that he had received a let er from Capt. Eades asying certain changes had been made in the expect. he had received a let er from Capt. Eades saying certain chances had been made in the concession from Mexico, which made it necessary to withdraw the bill. The committee was accordingly discharged from the consideration of the bill, which was ordered to be withdrawn from the files of the Senate. Mr. Vest presented several memorials from Dakota in opposition to its admission as a State, and claimed that the movement was engineered by ambitious Territorial politicians. A bill was introduced to increase to \$5,000 the appropriation for a public building at Minneapolis. The interoceanic ship-railway measure was withdrawn from the files. The House of Representatives passed the West Point appropriation bill. A joint resolution was introduced setting aside \$100,000 for American representation in the Exposition at Antwerp pext year. The interstate commerce bill was discussed.

THE Chair laid before the Senate on the 10th

THE Oregon Central land forfeiture bill was again taken up in the Senate on the 11th inst, and the amendment of Mr. Dolph was agreed to protecting the right of settlers on the forfeited lands. Further discussion of the measure was postponed, and consideration of the bill for the admisson of Southern Dakota was resumed. Mr. Harrison replied to Mr. Vest's attack upon the bill, and inquired of Mr. Vest what number of inhabitants should in his opinion entitle a l'erritory to admission to the Union. Mr. Vest relied that the spirit of the Constitution required at least a population sufficient to entitle it to representation in the House; but even if Dakota had a population sufficiently large to fulfill this condition other circumstances must of necessity enter into a docision of the question of its admission as a St. te. Mr. Cockrell expressed himself as opposed to the admission of new Territories with large area and small population. He would not be satisfied to a mit Dakota if it had four times the population necessary to entitle it to representation in Congress. Mr. Van Wyck offered a resolution that as the commercial treaty negotiated with Spain had been given to the public, a rule be adopted for its consideration in open session. A joint resolution was adopted appointing the 21st of February for the ceremonies connected with the completion of the Washington monument. Adjourned to Monday, the 16th. In the House, Congressman Hancock, of the Committee on Appropriations, reported the invalid pension appropriations, reported the invalid pension appropriation bill. It was referred to the committee of the whole. Consideration of the interstate commerce bill being resumed, Mr. Glascock attacked the raileoad-pool system, and advocated its strict prohibition. A general understanding was arrived at that the debate shall close the next day the subject is taken up as between the substitute for the remedial features of the committee bill. Mr. Regan has modified his motion, and now offers his proposition only as a substitute for the remedial features of the committee bill. Mr. Regan has modified his motion, and now offers his proposition only as a substitute for the remedial features of the committee bill. Mr. Regan has modified his motion, and now offers his proposition only as a substitute for the remedial features of t Dakota was resumed. Mr. Harrison replied to Mr. Vest's attack upon the bill, and in-

Why He Wanted It.

Mrs. Winks-"This paper says that Sir Moses Montefiore, now 100 years of age, has never believed in early rising."

Mr. Winks—"My gracious! I want
to cut that out and paste it in my hat."

"You, indeed! Why, you never get
up until compelled to. What do you
want to paste that in your hat for?"

"So the cook won't see it."—Philadelphia Call.

LA-CROSSE is an kneesy game for children. They learn it early,

ROBBERS ATTACK A TRAIN.

The Thieves Plunder the Passengers and Carry Off Six Thousand Dollars.

They Are Tracked to Their Homes by Bloodhounds and Identilled.

The passenger train on the Little Rock, Missis appl River and Texas Railway was stopped, between 10 and 11 o'clock last night, at a point three miles below this place by five masked robbers, who ran the train on a switch and then proceeded to plunder it. The conductor, Pat Rice, and the express messenger, Honeycutt, were in the baggage-car, and when Rice started toward the engine the robbers opened fire, shooting at him five times. Both he and the messenger were then covered with revolthe messenger were then covered with revolthe messenger were then covered with revolvers, as were the passengers in the front car.

The rear car carried some forty people.

The rapid discharge of fire-arms and the sudden stopping of the train created great alarm, and an indescribable panic ensued.

Suddenly the door opened and a slender-

Suddenly the door opened and a stender-looking white man appeared, and, covering the passergers with a six-shooter, ordered them to "hold up their hands." No opposition was offered. Up went the hands of all. While this was taking place three of the robbers were at work upon the safe in the baggage car, and the ringing blows dealt upon it could be distinctly heard. The rob-ber who guarded the door talked constantly and in a jocular strain, saying that he was a relative of Jesse James, and that he had fifteen men guarding the train and intended to make a clean sweep of all the money and valuables belonging to the passengers. "You will," said he, "have a chance to contribute to the missionaries." As he spoke he was joined by a second robber, who, flourishing a pistol, began snatching watches and pocketbooks indiscriminately and tossing them into a sack he carried. He went through the car in about ten minutes. By the time he had finished the safe was burst open and plundered, and the passengers in the rear cars having been relieved of their money, the robbers told the passengers to rema in the car for ten minutes, as it would be unhealthy for them to venture forth before that time. They then plunged into the

woods, disappearing in a westerly direction.

The following is a list of the principal victims: H. B. Dow, of the firm of Cole & Dow, of Little Rock, lost nearly \$508.
L. Thompson, of Pine Bluff, Ark., lost a gold watch and \$10 in silver. Z. T. Hedges, of Little Rock, lost a gold watch and a small sum of money. W. watch and a small sum of money. Richards, of Little Rock, lost a gold watch and money. W. Dyer, engineer of the snag-boat Reese, lost a sum of money. J. M. Blair and wife, lost \$10 or \$15. Matt Coen, of Little Rock, lost \$7. John W. Dillon, of the firm of William Resor & Co., of St. Louis, could not tell how much he lost, J. C. Duncan, of San Antonio, Tex., a stockman, lost \$60.

Mr. Duncan saved a large sum by hiding it
under his seat-cushion. Geo. W. Atkins,
of Pine Bluff, lost \$20. T. B. Martin, of
Little Rock, lost \$5. Freeman Smith, of
the firm of H. Waterman & Co., of St.
Louis, lost \$2. He saved a package containing \$600 by hiding it in his boot. J. W.
D. Cook of Atlanta Ga. lost only \$1. D. Cook, of Atlanta, Ga., lost only \$1. Robert Allen, of Little Rock, lost \$10.50. C. Z. Williams, of the Cole Manufacturing Company, of Memphis, Tenn., lost \$170. Thos. B. Martin, of Little Rock, lost a gold watch. J. S. Whiting, of Little Rock, lost a watch and chain and \$20. In addition the roadmaster and all the train hands lost sums ranging from \$50 to \$100. The express car of the Southern Express Company s said to have contained about \$2,000. The total amount secured by the robbers is estimated at \$6,000.

Little Rock has been in a state of great excitement all day on account of the affair. Early this morning bloodhounds were put on the trail of the robbers, and followed them straight into the city. Before noon Joseph Cook, J. C. Jones, John Clifford, Charles Campbell, and a boy named Parker, five in all, had been arrested. Jones will probably be released. Three of those arrested have been identified as among the robbers. The State has offered \$1,000 for the capture of the robbers, to which the railroad company has added a like sum. Circumstances point strongly against Cook, Chifford and young Parker. In addition to their being identified, it is proven that they were away from their boarding-house until 2 o'clock this morning.

OUR GOVERNORS.

A List of the Executives in the Thirty-eight States and the President's Ap-pointees in the Territories.

The following is a list of all the present Governors, several of whom hold over, and of the Governors-elect throughout the thirty-eight States, toge her with the President's appointees in the Territories:

"OUIDA" complains that the papers lie about her. She says one enterprising cor-respondent describes her hous keeper under the impression he was writing up "Ouida" herself.

POPE URBAN VIII. issued a bull against the use of tobacco in churches, and arged the priesthood to abstain from it entirely,

STEPS have been taken in New York oward erecting a \$50,000 monument to rather Mathew, of temperance fame.

SOME of the Canadian papers printed President Arthur's message in full.